

**GREAT GRAY COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT TRUST II**

**2023 AMENDED AND RESTATED DECLARATION OF TRUST**

**April 28, 2023**

**Trustee:**

**GREAT GRAY TRUST COMPANY, LLC**

**GREAT GRAY COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT TRUST II  
2023 AMENDED AND RESTATED DECLARATION OF TRUST**

WHEREAS, effective October 4, 2006, AST Trust Company, a division of American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, established a trust referred to as the AST Collective Investment Trust II (the “Original Trust”), which, pursuant to an amendment executed on November 1, 2015, was renamed the Wilmington Trust Collective Investment Trust II (the “Trust”);

WHEREAS, the Original Trust was amended five (5) times on January 4, 2007, August 14, 2008, November 25, 2009, March 30, 2015, and November 1, 2015 to make certain changes, including changes to the name of the Original Trust and the trustee (to Wilmington Trust Retirement and Institutional Services Company and, subsequently until the date hereof, to Wilmington Trust, National Association (the “Prior Trustee”)) (the “Trust Amendments”);

WHEREAS, effective as of June 20, 2016, the Trust was amended and restated to incorporate the Trust Amendments as well as certain other changes to the Trust (the “Prior Declaration”);

WHEREAS, on the date hereof, the Prior Trustee assigned all of its right, title and interest in the Prior Trustee’s collective investment trust business to Great Gray Trust Company, LLC (the “Trustee”), and in accordance with the terms of the Prior Declaration, the Trustee assumed all the rights, titles, powers, duties, discretion and immunities of the Prior Trustee under the Prior Declaration; and

WHEREAS, the Trustee now desires to amend and restate the Prior Declaration on the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, effective as of April 28, 2023, the Prior Declaration is hereby further amended and restated to rename the Trust, change the name of the Trustee and make certain other changes.

**ARTICLE 1  
INTRODUCTION**

1.1 Purpose. The purpose of the Trust created hereunder is to allow plan sponsors (“Plan Sponsors”) of certain employee benefit trusts and other eligible entities, as described below, to collectively invest plan assets in fixed income funds (that may include contracts issued by insurance companies, banks, or other institutions) that are designed for stability of principal. The Trust is created or organized under the laws of the State of Nevada and shall be maintained at all times as a domestic trust in the United States. Each Plan Sponsor may cause its respective plan to join and adopt the Trust and become a participating plan (“Participating Plan”), by executing a Participation Agreement (“Participation Agreement”), which is incorporated into and becomes a part of this Trust by reference.

1.2 The Trust. This Trust shall be referred to as the Great Gray Collective Investment Trust II. Unless the context indicates otherwise, the terms “Trust,” “Agreement,” “herein,” “hereunder,” and similar terms mean this Trust. The term “trust” shall mean the trust created and maintained under a Participating Plan which invests in this Trust in accordance with the requirements set forth herein. This Trust is intended to constitute an exempt trust under Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended (the “Code”) and a “group trust”

pursuant to the requirements of Rev. Rul. 81-100 (as amended, modified or supplemented from time to time, and any successor ruling thereto) and any other applicable Internal Revenue Service rules and regulations.

- 1.3 Trustee. The Trustee of the Trust is Great Gray Trust Company, LLC.
- 1.4 Effective Date; Trust Year. This 2023 Amended and Restated Declaration of Trust is effective as of April 28, 2023, and amends and restates the Original Trust, which was effective as of October 4, 2006, and was previously amended by the Trust Amendments incorporated under the Prior Declaration. The Trust Year shall be the period ending December 31, 2023 and the twelve month period ending on December 31 of each year thereafter (the “Trust Year”).
- 1.5 Fiduciary Responsibilities. The Trustee shall be a fiduciary within the meaning of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (“ERISA”) with respect to the Trust and to those assets of a Participating Plan invested in the Trust. All fiduciaries with respect to the Trust shall discharge their duties with respect to the Trust solely in the interests of participants and beneficiaries of the Participating Plans and for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits under the Participating Plans and defraying reasonable expenses of administration of the Participating Plans and this Trust, with the care, skill, prudence, and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing that a prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiar with such matters would use in the conduct of an enterprise of like character and with like aims.
- 1.6 Diversification and Prudence of Investments. In determining whether the diversification and prudence requirements in Sections 404(a)(1)(B) and (C), respectively, of ERISA have been met with respect to an investment in the Trust, the Plan Sponsor of each Participating Plan and trustee under such trust shall be solely responsible for determining that the requirement of proper diversification of the total plan assets of such Participating Plan has been met, and neither the Trustee nor any other fiduciary or party shall have any such responsibility therefor or for diversifying such Participating Plan assets.

## **ARTICLE 2 PARTICIPATION IN COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT TRUST**

- 2.1 Qualification of Participating Plans. Only defined contribution plans which permit investment direction by participants (and beneficiaries) in various investment fund alternatives, including a stable value fund, and their trusts will be eligible to invest in the Trust. An investor in the Trust must (i) maintain a governing document that specifically authorizes it to participate in the Trust via an investment in one of the Funds established pursuant to this Declaration as described in Section 3.1 and that provides that it is impossible for any part of the corpus or income of such investor’s trust or custodial account to be used for or diverted to purposes other than for the exclusive benefit of its participants and their beneficiaries, (ii) adopt this Declaration specifically or in substance and effect as part of the investor’s plan or other governing documents; (iii) be exempt from federal income taxation (iv) satisfy the applicable requirements of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the “Investment Company Act”), as amended, and the Securities Act of 1933 (the “1933 Act”), as amended from time to time, and any applicable rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) thereunder or any successor rulings, regulations, or similar pronouncements, regarding participation by such investor in a collective investment trust. Such plans and trusts include:

- a. A retirement, pension, profit-sharing, stock bonus, or other employee benefit trust or custodial account which is exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(a) of the Code by reason of qualifying under Section 401(a) of the Code and, if such trust or custodial account covers one or more self-employed individuals within the meaning of Section 401(c)(1) of the Code, which satisfies the applicable requirements of the Investment Company Act and the 1933 Act, as amended, or SEC Rule 180, or any successor ruling, regulation, or similar pronouncement, regarding participation by such investor in a collective investment trust; or
- b. An eligible governmental plan trust or custodial account under Section 457(b) of the Code which is exempt from federal income taxation under Section 457(g) of the Code; or
- c. A governmental plan described in Section 401(a)(24) of the Code; or
- d. A common, collective, or commingled trust fund, including, but not limited to, any such fund maintained by the Trustee, which consists solely of the assets of investors described in this Section 2.1; or
- e. A separate account maintained by a life insurance company so long as (i) all of the assets in the separate account consist solely of assets of group trust retiree benefit plans as defined in Revenue Ruling 2011-1 and as modified by Revenue Ruling 2014-24; (ii) the insurance company maintaining the separate account enters into a written arrangement with the Trustee consistent with the requirements of Revenue Ruling 2011-1 (including the requirement that no part of the corpus or income of any of the group trust retiree benefit plans be used for, or diverted to, any purpose other than for the exclusive benefit of the plan participants and their beneficiaries); and (iii) the assets of the separate account are insulated from the claims of the insurance company's general creditors; or
- f. A trust or custodial account created under an employees' pension or profit sharing plan that is a Puerto Rican plan described in Section 1022(i)(1) of ERISA that meets the requirements of Revenue Ruling 2011-1, as modified by Revenue Ruling 2014-24; or
- g. A church plan (as defined in Section 414(e) of the Code), including a plan described in Section 401(a) of the Code and a retirement income account described in Section 403(b)(9) of the Code, or an organization described in Section 414(e)(3)(A) of the Code the principal purpose or function of which is the administration of such a plan or account; or
- h. Other plans or trusts which are permitted by Revenue Ruling 81-100, as modified or amended from time to time, and by applicable rules and regulations of, as applicable, the SEC, and the Internal Revenue Service to pool their funds in a bank collective investment fund.

As a condition of admitting any of the foregoing investors to the Trust, the Trustee may require an investor to furnish (i) a favorable determination letter from the Internal Revenue Service, if applicable; (ii) an opinion of counsel; or (iii) other evidence acceptable to the Trustee, which demonstrates that the trust or custodial account qualifies for exemption from federal income taxation under the Code.

- 2.2 Participating Plans. To qualify as a Participating Plan and participate in the Trust, a plan must:
- a. Complete and return to the Trustee (or its authorized designee) the Participation Agreement and such other participation materials as the Trustee may require from time to time; and
  - b. Provide such other documentation, representations, and warranties or other assurances as the Trustee may, in its sole discretion, request.
- 2.3 Termination of Participation. If at any time a Participating Plan no longer satisfies the conditions for constituting a Participating Plan hereunder, (a) the Participating Plan shall immediately notify the Trustee in writing, and (b) all investments of a Participating Plan shall be withdrawn and distributed to the Participating Plan as soon as practicable thereafter. If the date of such distribution is not otherwise a Valuation Date (as defined in Section 5.1 below), such date shall be a special Valuation Date hereunder.

### **ARTICLE 3 THE FUNDS**

- 3.1 Establishment of Funds. The Trust shall be divided into separate funds as may be established from time to time (each, a “Fund”). The Trustee shall administer hereunder each such Fund as the Trustee shall deem necessary or desirable from time to time for the effective investment of assets of the Participating Plans. One Fund may hold units of participation in another Fund. Each Fund shall be separately held, administered, invested, valued, distributed, and accounted for and all provisions of this Trust shall apply to each Fund, respectively, unless the context requires or specifically provides otherwise. The assets of each Fund shall be invested and reinvested in any kind of property, real or personal, in accordance with the investment objectives and policies of each Fund established pursuant to Section 3.3.
- 3.2 Sub-Advisor. The Trustee may appoint a Sub-Advisor (as defined below) to manage, acquire, and dispose of assets under the Fund(s). For purposes of this Trust, the term “Sub-Advisor” shall mean any fiduciary designated in an Investment Advisor Agreement who shall have the power to manage, acquire, and dispose of assets under a Fund. Each such Sub-Advisor shall (a) be registered as an investment advisor under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended, or under state law, and (b) acknowledge that it will be a “fiduciary” (as such term is defined in Section 3(21) of ERISA) with respect to the assets of the Participating Plan invested in the Fund. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Trustee shall have full and complete authority to control the specific securities, property, and investments purchased or redeemed and shall retain ultimate authority to accept or reject the advice or direction of any Sub-Advisor.
- 3.3 Investment of the Funds. The titles and investment objectives of the Funds shall be those as set forth in one or more Fund declarations as may be adopted and amended by the Trustee from time to time. The Trustee may specify the types of investments to be authorized for use by the Funds and other details pertinent to the proper administration, operation, and management of the Fund. The Sub-Advisor may invest all or any portion of the assets of each Fund in one or more mutual funds, stocks, bonds, cash, exchange traded funds, or in one or more collective investment funds, provided that such collective investment funds consist entirely exclusively of the assets of qualified plans and trusts that are exempt from

federal income tax under Section 501(a) of the Code and tax-exempt retirement plans maintained by governmental employers under Section 414(d) of the Code, provided such investment satisfies the investment objectives of the Fund. The instrument creating such a collective investment fund, as amended from time to time, shall be incorporated and made a part of this Trust. In the case of assets delivered to the Trustee on a date other than a Valuation Date, the Trustee is expressly authorized to retain such assets in another collective investment fund or in its deposit accounts until the Valuation Date immediately following the Trustee's receipt of such assets.

- 3.4 Participation in a Fund. Participation by a Participating Plan in a Fund shall be based on a proportionate fair market value interest in all of such Fund's assets. Each Fund shall be comprised of units (each, a "Unit") to which the Trustee shall assign a starting value. Earnings of the Fund shall be reinvested and the Unit values adjusted accordingly on each applicable Valuation Date. The Trustee may, in its sole discretion, split or combine the Units as of a particular Valuation Date and the value of each Unit shall be adjusted accordingly. The Trustee may, in its sole discretion, close a Fund to new Participating Plans at any time. A closed Fund shall continue to be administered under this Trust until all Units are withdrawn. The Trustee may, in its sole discretion, split one or more assets out of a Fund to become a new Fund. A Participating Plan's interest in any such new Fund shall be in the same proportion as such plan's interest held in the old Fund. The Trustee, in its sole discretion, may allow new admissions or may close the new Fund to new admissions.
- 3.5 Additional Funds. The Trustee may create additional Funds from time to time by designating the name of the new Fund, its investment objective and policy, the initial unit value and any special administrative provisions relating to the administration of such Fund. Each new Fund shall be established and administered in accordance with applicable regulatory authority and subject to all of the terms of this Trust, as supplemented by the Trustee's writing creating such Fund. The written minutes creating such Fund shall not be considered an amendment to this Trust but shall constitute a supplement to the Trust and form a part hereof.
- 3.6 Withdrawals.
- a. Withdrawals from a Fund may be made as of any Valuation Date and on the basis of the valuation on that date by notice to the Trustee in accordance with the terms of this Trust and such other procedures established by the Trustee from time to time. A withdrawal from a Fund shall not be permitted unless notice of intention to make such withdrawal shall have been given to the Trustee (or its authorized designee) within such time period as the Trustee may establish from time to time. Upon the withdrawal of a Participating Plan's interest in a Fund, there shall be paid or transferred out of the respective Fund an amount equal to the value, as determined pursuant to this Trust, of the Participating Plan's interest or part thereof withdrawn on the date such withdrawal is effective.
  - b. Withdrawals initiated by the Plan Sponsor shall not be made before twelve months following the first Valuation Date after which the Trustee receives written notice of the withdrawal from the Plan Sponsor. The Trustee may grant, in its sole discretion, a withdrawal as of a Valuation Date earlier than the date set forth in the preceding sentence if there are sufficient cash assets to satisfy the withdrawal and the Trustee otherwise determines that such withdrawal would not be detrimental to the best interests of the Trust.

- c. Participant directed withdrawals for transfers to a competing investment vehicle must be held in a non-competing investment vehicle for at least ninety (90) days before the transfer to the competing investment vehicle may be effected. The Trustee shall have the absolute discretion to determine whether an investment vehicle is a competing investment vehicle.
- d. In the event that any income accrued but not actually collected by the Trustee shall be distributed to a Participating Plan upon a withdrawal from a Fund, and thereafter such accrued income is not actually collected by the Trustee in whole or in part when it should have been, the Trustee shall have the right at any time thereafter to charge to and recover from such Participating Plan, or the participants thereof, the amount of such accrued income so distributed but not actually collected.
- e. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Trust to the contrary, the Trustee shall have the ability to delay withdrawals until a later Valuation Date if the total withdrawals from a Fund for all Participating Plan requests as of any Valuation Date exceed uncommitted cash and the liquid investments available on that Valuation Date or, if the Trustee otherwise determines, in its absolute discretion, that it is in the best interest of the Trust to delay such payment. The Trustee shall resume such payments on each Valuation Date after it determines that making such payments will not be detrimental to the best interests of the Trust and on each succeeding Valuation Date until all requests for withdrawal have been satisfied.
- f. In general, all income earned by the Trust or a Fund after expenses shall be added to the principal of the Trust or Fund and invested and reinvested as a part thereof. The Trustee, in its discretion and upon consultation with the Sub-Advisor, may at any time make a distribution to the Participating Plans. Any such distribution shall be distributed in cash or in kind or partly in cash and partly in kind, as the Trustee in its sole discretion shall determine.

#### **ARTICLE 4 MANAGEMENT OF THE TRUST**

- 4.1 Trustee's Powers and Duties. The Trustee shall have exclusive authority and discretion to manage and control the Trust. The Trustee shall have all necessary powers to discharge its duties under this Trust, including without limitation the following powers, rights, and duties:
- a. To sell, exchange, convey, or transfer or otherwise dispose of any property, whether real or personal, the Trustee holds under the Trust, by private contract or at public auction.
  - b. To invest and reinvest the assets of the Trust in any deposit account, contract, property, or securities, to the extent permitted by applicable law, subject to the investment objectives of each Fund as established from time to time.
  - c. To retain in cash, without liability for interest, such amounts as the Trustee considers reasonable under the circumstances, pending the selection and purchase of investments, the payment of expenses and fees, or other anticipated distributions.
  - d. When directed by the Plan Sponsor or its authorized agent, (i) to make payments of benefits under a Participating Plan to such trustee(s), persons, or accounts, in such manner, at such time and in such amounts as the Plan Sponsor or authorized agent may

from time to time in writing direct, and the Trustee shall be fully protected in making payments out of the Trust in accordance with such written directions; (ii) to receive and hold for any Participating Plan any funds or property transferred in accordance with the provisions of the Participating Plan to the Trustee from any trust or other funding entity which forms a part of another retirement plan which meets the qualification requirements set forth in Section 2.1 hereof.

- e. To make, execute, acknowledge and deliver any and all deeds, leases, assignments, documents of transfer and conveyance, and all other instruments that may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the powers herein granted, and to give full receipts and discharges.
- f. To exercise subscription, conversion, and other rights and options (and make payments from the Trust in connection therewith), to take any action and to abstain from taking any action with respect to any reorganization, consolidation, merger, dissolution, recapitalization, refinancing, and any other plan or change affecting any property constituting a part of the Trust, to hold or register any property from time to time in the Trustee's name or in the name of a nominee or to hold it unregistered or in such form that title shall pass by delivery; provided that except as authorized by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor, the indicia of ownership of the assets of the Trust shall not be maintained outside the jurisdiction of the district courts of the United States.
- g. To waive, modify, reduce, compromise, release, contest, arbitrate, settle, or extend the time of payment of any claim or demand of any nature in favor of or against the Trustee or all or any part of the Trust, to retain any disputed property without liability for interest until an appropriate final adjudication or release is obtained, and to maintain in the Trustee's discretion any litigation the Trustee considers necessary in connection with the Trust.
- h. To employ accountants, advisors, agents, counsel, consultants, custodians, depositories, experts, and other persons, to delegate discretionary powers to such persons and to reasonably rely upon information and advice furnished by such persons; provided that each such delegation and the acceptance thereof by each such person shall be in writing.
- i. To withhold all or any part of any payment required to be made hereunder as may be necessary and proper to protect the Trustee or the Trust against any liability or claim on account of any estate, inheritance, income, or other tax or assessment attributable to any Participating Plan and to discharge any such liability with any part or all of such payment so withheld, in accordance with applicable law.
- j. Subject to applicable law, to borrow money for the Trust, at reasonable rates of interest from a lender, including an affiliate of the Trustee, with or without security, provided however that such loans may be made only to protect the assets of a Fund or to cover temporary cash overdrafts or other appropriate purposes.
- k. Subject to applicable law, to lend, or appoint an agent to lend, assets on a secured or unsecured basis for any purpose the Trustee may deem desirable, and to permit any loaned securities to be transferred into the name of and voted by the borrower or others, and to hold any collateral received in connection with such loan in bulk or pursuant to



any master loan agreement in which the Trust may hold an unallocated interest in such collateral together with other funds for which the Trustee is acting as trustee or agent.

- l. To compromise, defend, or prosecute any claims, debts, or damages to or owing from the Trust or Funds and commence or defend suits or legal proceedings involving the Trust, the Funds, or the Trustee.
- m. To perform all other acts which in the Trustee's judgment are appropriate for the proper management, investment, and distribution of the Trust.

## **ARTICLE 5 TRUST AND FUND ACCOUNTING**

- 5.1 Trust and Fund Valuations. The value of each Fund shall be determined each day on which the New York Stock Exchange is open for trading or such other time period, occurring at least once every three months, as the Trustee may establish with respect to a particular Fund. Each day on which the Trust and a Fund are valued shall be referred to as a "Valuation Date." The Trustee will value the Trust and each Fund in accordance with the valuation procedures the Trustee may establish from time to time. Subject to the foregoing, the Trustee may utilize any prudent method in the valuation of assets comprising each Fund and any such method of valuation shall be conclusively presumed to constitute a correct method of establishing value and shall not be subject to challenge unless the Trustee failed to act prudently in establishing such valuation method.
- 5.2 Audit. Each Fund shall be audited at least once during each Trust Year by auditors responsible to the Board of Managers of the Trustee.
- 5.3 Written Account. Within ninety (90) days following the close of each Trust Year, the Trustee shall prepare a written account of all transactions relating to the Trust and each Fund. The written account shall be based on the audit performed pursuant to Section 5.2 above and shall include the following: (a) a list of all investments showing cost and current value; (b) a statement for the year showing purchases with cost, sales with profit or loss, other investment changes, and income and disbursements; and (c) an appropriate notation as to any investments in default. The Trustee shall give notice of the availability of the account to the Plan Sponsor of the Participating Plan, or such other person designated for the purpose of receiving such account on behalf of the Participating Plan, and a copy of the account shall be furnished upon request to the Participating Plan. If the Participating Plan shall not, within ninety (90) days after the mailing of such statement of account, notify the Trustee, in writing of its disapproval of the same, such statement shall constitute a valid accounting of the Trust as if the account had been duly approved by the Participating Plan in writing. If the Trustee and Participating Plan cannot agree with respect to any act or transaction reported in the accounting, the Trustee and the Participating Plan shall have the right to have its accounts settled by judicial proceedings, in which event, only the Trustee and the Participating Plan shall be necessary parties.
- 5.4 Settlement on Withdrawal. On the withdrawal of a Participating Plan from the Trust, the Trustee shall render to the Participating Plan a written account for the period from the date of the last written account to the Valuation Date on which the withdrawal of the Participating Plan is effective. Payment to the withdrawing Participating Plan according to the statement of account shall constitute a full and final settlement unless, within ninety (90) days after sending the statement, the Participating Plan notifies the Trustee in writing of its objection to

the accounting. Disputes regarding such account or settlement shall be resolved in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.3.

## **ARTICLE 6 GENERAL PROVISIONS**

- 6.1 Qualifications of the Plan and Trust. The Trust is intended to qualify under Section 401 of the Code and for tax exemption under Section 501(a) of the Code (or under any comparable provisions of any future legislation that amends or supersedes said provisions of the Code). Unless and until advised to the contrary, the Trustee and persons dealing with the Trustee shall be entitled to assume that the Trust is so qualified and tax exempt.
- 6.2 Restrictions on Reversion. No Plan Sponsor shall have any right, title, or interest in the assets of the Trust, nor will any part of the assets of the Trust revert or be repaid to a Plan Sponsor.
- 6.3 Custody of Assets. The Trustee shall maintain the indicia of ownership of the assets of the Trust only where and in circumstances permitted by regulations under ERISA.
- 6.4 Nonassignment and Nonalienation of Plan Benefits. Except as otherwise required by law, the rights or interests of any Participating Plan or the rights of any participant or beneficiary to any benefits or future payments under such Participating Plan shall not be subject to attachment or garnishment or other legal process by any creditor of any such participant or beneficiary, nor shall any such Participating Plan, participant or beneficiary have any right to alienate, anticipate, commute, pledge, encumber, or assign any of the benefits or rights which he or she may expect to receive (contingently or otherwise) under the Participating Plan or this Trust.
- 6.5 Judicial Proceedings. In any action or proceeding regarding this Trust, any Participating Plan or the administrator of a Participating Plan, participants or former participants, their beneficiaries and any other persons having or claiming to have an interest in this Trust or the Participating Plan shall not be necessary parties, shall not be entitled to any notice of process, and shall be deemed to be fully represented by the Trustee for all purposes if the Trustee shall be a party to such proceeding. Any final judgment which is not appealed or appealable and which may be entered in any such action or proceeding shall be binding and conclusive on the parties hereto and all persons having or claiming to have any interest in this Trust or the Participating Plan. To the extent permitted by law, if a legal action is begun against the Plan Sponsor of a Participating Plan, or the Trustee by or on behalf of any person, and such action results adversely to such person, or if a legal action arises because of conflicting claims to a plan participant's or other person's benefits, the costs to the Trustee of defending the action will be charged to the sums, if any, which were involved in the action or were payable to the plan participant or other person concerned.
- 6.6 Trustee's Action Conclusive. Whenever any power may be exercised or any action may be taken by the Trustee involving the exercise of discretion, the discretion of the Trustee when exercised in good faith and with reasonable care shall be absolute and binding upon all Participating Plans and all persons interested therein. The certificate of the Trustee that it is acting according to this Trust will fully protect all persons dealing with the Trustee. To the extent permitted by applicable law, the Trustee shall not have any liability for any act or omission on the part of any fiduciary of any Participating Plan. To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, the Trustee shall be indemnified from the assets of the Trust and held

harmless for any expenses, costs, or damages it may incur for any actions taken or not taken in good faith and in the exercise of reasonable care, including reasonable expenses of defending any action brought with respect to any action so taken or omitted.

- 6.7 Effect of Mistakes. No mistake made in good faith and in the exercise of due care in connection with the administration of the Trust or any Fund shall be deemed to be a violation of this Trust or of applicable law if, promptly after the discovery thereof, the Trustee shall take whatever action may be practicable under the circumstances to remedy such mistake.
- 6.8 Advice of Counsel. The Trustee may select and consult with competent legal counsel with respect to the meaning and construction of this Trust or concerning the Trustee's powers or obligations hereunder and shall be protected from any action taken or omitted by it in good faith pursuant to the opinion of such counsel.
- 6.9 Contributions and Payments. The Trustee shall be accountable to a Participating Plan for all contributions received from the Participating Plan attributable to participants in such plan, but the Trustee shall have no duty to see that the contributions comply with the provisions of the plan, nor shall the Trustee be obliged or have any right to enforce or collect any contribution from a Participating Plan or its participants or otherwise see that the funds are deposited according to the provisions of a Participating Plan. The Trustee shall not be responsible for establishing a funding policy for a Participating Plan. The authorized administrator of the Participating Plan will direct the Trustee in writing as respects to the distribution of benefits payable under a Participating Plan.
- 6.10 Liabilities Mutually Exclusive. To the extent permitted by law, the Trustee, a Plan Sponsor, and any other authorized person or fiduciary shall be responsible only for its or their own acts or omissions.
- 6.11 Indemnification. To the extent permitted by law, no person shall be personally liable for any act done or omitted to be done in good faith in the administration of this Trust or the investment of the Trust. To the extent permitted by law, the Trustee and its agents shall be indemnified and saved harmless by each Plan Sponsor with respect to claims of liability to which the Trustee and its agents are subjected by reason of the Plan Sponsor's investment in the Trust or compliance with any directions given in accordance with the provisions of a Participating Plan or this Trust by the Plan Sponsor, trustee, or any person duly authorized by the Plan Sponsor.
- 6.12 Compensation and Expenses. The Trustee shall receive reasonable compensation for the administration of the Trust and the Funds, in such amounts as the Trustee shall determine from time to time. All reasonable compensation, costs, charges, and expenses incurred in the administration of the Trust and the Funds may be charged to the Trust or Funds. The Trustee shall be fully protected in making payments of administrative expenses.
- 6.13 Notice and Directions. Any notice or direction under this Trust shall be in writing and shall be effective when actually received by the Trustee or by a Participating Plan at the address stated in the Participation Agreement or other address specified by notice to the other. Notice may be delivered personally or by facsimile, express delivery, registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested.
- 6.14 Successors. Any corporation, association, or entity (i) into which the Trustee may be merged or with which it may be consolidated, (ii) resulting from any merger, consolidation, or

reorganization to which the Trustee may be a party, or (iii) to which all or any part of the Trustee's fiduciary business which includes the Trust may be transferred, shall become successor Trustee, and shall have all the rights, powers and obligations of the Trustee under this Trust, without the necessity of executing any instrument or performing any further act. This Trust will be binding on all persons entitled to benefits hereunder and their respective heirs and legal representatives, and on the Trustee and its successors. The term "Plan Sponsor" shall be deemed to include any permitted successor or assign to a plan's Plan Sponsor.

- 6.15 Severability. If any provision of this Trust is held to be illegal or invalid, such illegality or invalidity shall not affect the remaining provisions of this Trust, and they shall be construed and enforced as if such illegal or invalid provisions had never been inserted therein.
- 6.16 Applicable Law. The Trust shall be construed in accordance with the provisions of ERISA and other applicable federal law and, to the extent not inconsistent with such laws, with the laws of the State of Nevada.
- 6.17 Tax Reporting/Withholding. The Trustee shall prepare tax returns or other filings with respect to the Trust only if such returns or filings must be filed by the Trustee rather than by the Plan Sponsor or trustee under such Participating Plan.

## **ARTICLE 7 AMENDMENT AND TERMINATION**

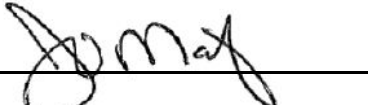
- 7.1 Amendment. The Trustee may amend this Trust from time to time to satisfy the requirements for tax exemption under the Code or as may otherwise be desired by the Trustee; provided that under no condition shall an amendment result in the return or the repayment to a Plan Sponsor of any part of the Trust or the income from it other than as provided under the Trust or result in the distribution of the Trust for the benefit of anyone other than persons entitled to benefits under a Participating Plan. Notice of any material amendment shall be provided to each Participating Plan.
- 7.2 Termination. The Trustee may, in its discretion, for any reason or for no reason, terminate the Trust or any Fund at any time upon thirty (30) days' notice of such termination to each Participating Plan in the Trust or in the Fund, as the case may be. If the Trust or a Fund is terminated by the Trustee, all the rights, titles, powers, duties, discretions and immunities imposed on or reserved to the Trustee shall continue in effect with respect to the Trust or Fund, as applicable, until all assets of the Participating Plans in the Trust or such Fund have been distributed by the Trustee to the Participating Plans. Upon termination of this Trust or a Fund, the Trustee shall first reserve such reasonable amounts as it may deem necessary to provide for the payment of any expenses or fees then or thereafter chargeable to the Trust or Fund, as applicable.

**GREAT GRAY TRUST COMPANY, LLC**

BY: 

NAME: Christopher Randall  
TITLE: Chief Operating Officer

**ATTEST:**

BY: 

NAME: Jennifer Matz  
TITLE: Chief Compliance Officer